



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

supremacy and the importance of preserving the rights both of the United States and of the States. The text is somewhat fuller than that of the first edition, and a considerable number of cases has been added.

A COLLECTION OF PROBLEMS AND EXERCISES IN THE CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL LAW OF EGYPT. By Maurice Sheldon Amos and Pierre Arminjon. Cairo: National Printing Department. 1904. pp. 145. 8vo.

Since the law of Egypt is derived from the Code Napoleon and the traditions of Continental Europe, it is but natural that legal instruction in that country should follow in general the methods pursued in France and other Continental countries, and should thus be confined almost wholly to a consideration by students of abstract principles without particular regard to concrete problems. While, owing to the overshadowing importance of the Code Napoleon in the civil law and the lack of binding force possessed by decisions of courts, it is perhaps expecting too much to look for the adoption in civil code countries of our own case system of legal study, yet it is certainly not unreasonable in us to hope that, in some form at least, the inductive, as opposed to the deductive method, will find an increasing use in all legal education. The present collection of problems and exercises seems to indicate that in Egypt at least such a change is coming about. The problems presented cover the entire range of the law, and seem calculated to stimulate the student to enthusiastic effort. The exercises are in many cases difficult, reminding one forcibly of questions put in this country at law school and bar examinations. Occasional foot-notes with reference to the code and to decided cases put the students on the track of the solution of the more difficult problems. As a supplement to regular instruction or to private study the collection ought to prove a success. At any rate the student who is able at the end of his law course to answer readily all the two hundred and sixty-five questions contained in the collection may surely be regarded as a fair master of Egyptian law.

SELECTED CASES ON THE LAW OF BAILMENTS AND CARRIERS, including the Quasi-Bailment relations of Carriers of Passengers and Telegraph and Telephone Companies as Carriers. By Edwin C. Goddard. Chicago: Callaghan & Company. 1904. pp. xiii, 742. 8vo.

A TREATISE ON THE LAW OF WILLS, including also gifts *causa mortis* and a Summary of the Law of Descent, Distribution, and Administration. By John R. Rood. Chicago: Callaghan & Company. 1904. pp. lxvi, 635. 8vo.

ENGLISCHES STAATSRICHT mit Berücksichtigung der für Schottland und Irland geltenden Sonderheiten. Von Julius Hatschek. 1 Band: Die Verfassung. Tübingen: J. C. B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck). 1905. pp. xii, 669. 4to.

THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE SELDEN SOCIETY. Volume XVIII. For the year 1904. Borough Customs. Volume I. Edited by Mary Bateson. London: Bernard Quaritch. 1904. pp. lix, 356. 4to.

THE LAW OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS and Taxation of Corporations, both Foreign and Domestic. By Joseph Henry Beale, Jr. Boston: William J. Nagel. 1904. pp. xxvi, 1149. 8vo.

HANDBOOK OF JURISDICTIONS and Procedure in United States Courts. By Robert M. Hughes. St. Paul, Minn.: West Publishing Co. 1904. pp. xviii, 634. 8vo.

OSGOODE HALL. Reminiscences of the Bench and Bar. By James Cleland Hamilton, with illustrations. Toronto: The Carswell Company, Limited. 1904. pp. xii, 196. 4to.

OUTLINES OF THE LAW OF BAILMENTS AND CARRIERS. By Edwin C. Goddard. Chicago: Callaghan & Company. 1904. pp. xiv, 250. 8vo.